

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK—THE FIRST TRUST COMPANY

Condensed Statement of the Condition of

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

St. Joseph, Mo.

At the Close of Business, Sept. 2, 1915

Resources	
Loans and Discounts	\$1,974,114.42
Federal Reserve Bank Stock	14,500.00
United States Bonds	575,500.00
Redemption Fund	35,000.00
Banking House	175,000.00
Cash and Sight Exchange	1,001,277.58
Total	\$3,315,412.00

Liabilities	
Capital Stock Paid In	\$ 500,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	354,791.42
Circulation	459,937.50
Deposits	1,400,683.08
Total	\$3,715,412.00

Condensed Statement of the Condition of

THE FIRST TRUST COMPANY

St. Joseph, Mo.

At the Close of Business, Sept. 2, 1915

Resources	
Loans	\$ 825,497.14
Bonds	84,322.75
Cash and Due from Banks	170,225.41
Total	\$1,080,045.30

Liabilities	
Capital (Paid In)	\$ 500,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	15,874.21
Deposits	1,000,000.00
Total	\$1,515,874.21

The stock of The First Trust Company is owned by the stockholders of The First National Bank of St. Joseph.

COMBINED STATEMENTS

Resources		Liabilities	
Loans and Discounts	\$1,320,614.52	Capital Stock Paid In	\$ 500,000.00
Federal Reserve Bank Stock	14,500.00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	513,443.42
U. S. and Other Bonds	441,422.75	Circulation	459,937.50
Redemption Fund	35,000.00	Deposits	1,224,224.89
Banking House	175,000.00		
Cash and Sight Exchange	1,202,512.68		
Total	\$3,189,054.35	Total	\$3,189,054.35

DIVIDEND PAID QUARTERLY, JANUARY 1, APRIL 1, JULY 1 AND OCTOBER 1

New Independent Gasoline Filling Station

Just opened on Charles Street between Sixth and Seventh
This is the place where you can buy the new



Gasoline. Refined especially with the idea of putting new "pep" into your motor. We solicit your business.

St. Joseph Oil Company

"THE OLDEST INDEPENDENT HOME CONCERN"

house, city hall and federal building being closed. The postoffice observed the usual holiday hours.

PUBLIC SCHOOL FUNDS

(Continued from Page One)

damus suit to settle this question is absolutely necessary at this time.

"For many years it has been a mooted question as to what the intention of the law was in regard to the apportionment of this money. The expert accountants appointed last winter by a legislative committee, on making their report on this office, used the following language:

"In the course of our examination we checked all appropriations for the two biennial periods into the appropriation ledgers and checked the various transfers authorized by statute or ordered by the board of fund commissioners. These we found to be in order. We observed, however, that the auditing has some difficulty in making the periodical transfer of one-third of ordinary revenue to state school monies. The reason for this is that there is no definition of ordinary revenue so that he has to decide for himself and we found that he did not take the same items each time he made the transfer. We believe that it would be advisable to have a definition made of the term 'ordinary revenue.'

"I simply want to do what the law requires; and I wish to say to the public that I am the custodian of this money and am under heavy bond, and I wish to emphatically state that not a single solitary dollar of this money will ever get away from the school children—and it never was intended that it should get away.

"It does not make any difference what the court's decision may be. If the court decides in favor of the law as it has been formerly construed, the balance of the \$500,000 will immediately be apportioned to the children of the state. If the court's decision should be against former practices, I shall hold the money in a separate fund to itself, and not a single, solitary cent of it shall be used to pay any other demand or account against the state. And the governor has agreed with me that, if necessary, he will call the legislature in extra session to make the special appropriations for the public schools.

"I wish to say in closing that there is no cause whatever for alarm, and to repeat that not a single, solitary dollar will get away from the school children, and this is the wish and desire of every state official. But it is important that the question shall now be settled by the court for future guidance. JOHN F. GORDON, State Auditor."

NOW JUST LET THE CALLED JADES BRAY

(Continued from Page One)

while in 1913-14 for this purpose there was spent \$465,145.36. This is a part of the "extraneous" charges the standard party has been singing the changes upon. During the latter period the Democratic state administration spent for improved roads \$50,000,000 more than the previous biennium. Here is one of the reasons the standard party are howling "jobs and extravagance." They don't want the Democratic party to get the credit for the wide-spread interest and improvement in public roads.

The School Funds.
In 1911 and 1912 the state expended as aid to the common schools \$2,706,842.76. In 1913 and 1914 the amount for this purpose was increased to \$2,941,138.11. The difference, or \$234,295.35, is another of the items included in the "extraneous" charges for "jobholders."

The state expended in 1911-12 for the deaf and dumb schools, normal schools and university, \$2,591,528.37. For the same institutions in 1913 and 1914 there was spent \$2,674,350.87. The increased expenditure, or \$82,822.50 is another of the items the envious standard party charge as the "extraneous" due to "Democratic job holders."

The charitable institutions, such as hospitals for the insane and soldiers' homes in 1911 and 1912 received \$2,727,531.57. In 1913-14, the years of alleged "extraneous" these institutions received \$2,764,382.95, an increased expenditure of \$36,851.38.

And No Tax Increase.
For these four subjects, improved roads, better schools, higher education and more generous charity, a thirty Democratic state administration gave \$1,512,000.00 more than the previous biennium, and did this without increasing a tax rate of any one's state taxes.

Every other dollar of increased income can be accounted for in just as worthy expenditures as the sums used in the foregoing illustrations. Great achievements like this are responsible for the frenzied interregional sensations of the standard party. Was it not the head of Avon who once said: "Let the called jade win," as words to that effect?

The Democratic party of Missouri will gladly meet the opposition in a discussion of state finance. By making the subject an issue the party will get a hearing from the public, the advantage of which it would otherwise be deprived of. The party's representatives could not be better pleased than to meet the political enemies on their chosen ground.—Carthage Democrat.

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DR. BURTON R. ROGERS, Dean 703 Sylvania St., St. Joseph, Mo.

Condensed Statement of

The Tootle-Lemon National Bank

of St. Joseph, Missouri

At the Close of Business, September 2, 1915

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$2,542,078.41
U. S. Bonds and other Securities	270,896.41
Furniture and Fixtures	14,569.50
Two per cent Redemption Fund Cash	9,000.00
U. S. Treas.	1,885,227.61
Cash and Sight Exchange	1,885,227.61
Total	\$4,466,911.54

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock Paid In	\$ 200,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	195,677.00
Circulation	154,697.50
Deposits	3,916,537.04
Total	\$4,466,911.54

This Statement is Correct. F. H. ZIMMERMAN, Cashier.

Report of the Condition of

THE BURNES NATIONAL BANK

At St. Joseph, in the State of Missouri

At the Close of Business Sept. 2, 1915

Resources

Loans and Discounts	\$1,252,498.15
U. S. Bonds	175,000.00
Funds, Securities, etc.	25,827.25
Federal Reserve Bank Stock	9,000.00
Cash and Sight Exchange	1,172,903.40
Total	\$2,635,428.80

Liabilities

Capital Stock Paid In	\$ 200,000.00
Surplus Fund	100,000.00
Undivided Profits	21,729.80
Circulation	136,700.00
Deposits	2,176,998.84
Total	\$2,635,428.80

I, L. C. Burnes, President of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
L. C. BURNES, President.

CARRIED STATE TUESDAY

(Continued from Page One)
had expired, which case (truck) carried the state.

The Habbers kept the sacred box open for just two hours and thirty minutes but that was long enough for them to carry Missouri on last Tuesday.

And, as usual when Missouri is carried by the Republicans, it was carried by the same old crowd who all habit together. They were the chief, Jim Habber, of St. Louis, Walt Parker (with his snarled up) Farmer Elbert Marshall, the ungrateful and Frank Leonard, Bill Dale, Bill Ruck, one own Charles Morris, Dr. Jake Gejert, the staid and staid John-on-the-spot Clark, the wily and ubiquitous John Albee of Bull Moose propensities and proclivities, Walt Head, supervisor of parks with a \$40 per month automobile allowance, Nathan G. Getchell, John Frost, who almost lost the election by a speech which resembled his name and which put his future aspirations in a like situation, Farmer Cain Hankin, Pete Davis, Wes Webb, Jim Riddle, who helped wonderfully in the carrying by throwing out the Bull Moose vote, and a dozen or so more of the patriots who by their strenuous efforts, helped to carry the day and put 'er over.

It was a great day—a magnificent Habberfest—a sorry day for the tried and true Democrats of this great state, who have done so much to bring it to

its present straits—to see it all flung away in one short afternoon.

Verily, it is now clear that fatal sweeping on last Tuesday, from Old Missouri!

LABOR DAY A SUCCESS

(Continued from Page One)

This the biggest celebration of its kind ever held in the city. The program was somewhat interfered with by the rain in the forenoon, but despite this fact on the whole, the day was a success and labor had its outing.

The parade formed at 10:20 on Edmond street and was represented by all the unions of the city, the unique uniforms, bands and banners helping to give the parade a distinctive color and a pleasing show of brotherhood loyalty and thorough organization. The line of march was through Edmond street to Francis and Frederick avenues as far as Twelfth.

Following the parade the members of the unions and their families took part in the lake where the remainder of the day was spent in dinner picnics in the grove, boating, bathing and dancing and numerous pleasure trips on Bob Ingersoll's nickel devious.

There were various athletic events, and the game of ball between the painters and plumbers proved the most amusing and interesting feature of the day's amusements.

Business in the city was mostly at a standstill during the day, the court

The September Newly Weds

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